



CRISIS MANAGEMENT & RISK REDUCTION FOR NEW DESTINATIONS :

Bohol Tourism Insights





Brings the perspective of:

- an island destination where tourism is a major economic driver
- a destination that recently experienced multiple serious calamities
- a relatively small, locally-owned independent resort



DISASTERS AND TOURISM

- Tourism Highly Risk Sensitive
- Many Destinations are in Hazard-Prone Areas
- Destinations and Stakeholders Often Unable to Prepare Adequately
- Risk Perception a Major Factor in Travel Decisions
- Tourists are a Vulnerable Group
- ♦ All of above were very well illustrated in Bohol





- Earthquake of October 15 Magnitude 7.2 generated by previously unknown North Bohol Fault
- Super Typhoon Yolanda (Haiyan), November 8

 The most powerful storm on record to hit land and the deadliest Philippine typhoon in modern history



Impact on Bohol Tourism



- Earthquake of October 15
- Damage to tourist sites & critical infrastructure
- Disruption of services including transportation
- Negative perception, cancellation of bookings and drop in arrivals
- Typhoon Yolanda
- Power Blackout



Impact on Bohol Tourism Pacific Asia Travel Association







Impact on Bohol Tourism











Initial Post-Disaster Response:

- Rehabilitation of Damaged Structures and Sites
- Bohol Tourism Recovery Plan (with assistance of USAID, DOT, UNWTO, PATA)

Communications

Product Review and Development

Promotions and Marketing







 Close collaboration among industry stakeholders including government, private sector and development partners in the recovery and resiliency of the destination

 The industry has become more cooperative and receptive to instituting disaster risk management measures





Risk Management Initiatives

- Provincial Disaster Risk Reduction Management Plan
 - Focuses on reducing vulnerability of communities to hazards; enhancing the capacity of communities to reduce their own risks and cope with impact of hazards; increasing disaster risk consciousness of communities; and establishing a Provincial Disaster Risk Reduction Management-Climate Change Adaptation Governance Center





Risk Management Initiatives

- Hotel Resilient Initiative
- Partners: UNISDR, PATA, GIDRM (GIZ)
- Objective: To improve disaster risk management and strengthen resilience in hotels and throughout tourism destinations
- Approach: Strong partnerships with the public and private sector in the field of tourism and disaster risk management; and development of standards, guidelines, checklists and tools to reduce business risk, risks of tourists, workers, and surrounding communities to natural and technological hazards





Hotel Resilient Initiative

- Current Focus Countries: Indonesia, Maldives, Myanmar, Thailand and the Philippines
- Outcomes:
 - Hotel Resilient Governance Structure
 - Scoping Study " Developing Strategies to Strengthen the Resilience of Hotels to Disasters". Inputs from Philippine destinations including Bohol
 - Promotion and agenda setting
 - Handbook including multi-hazard risk management standard module (standards, checklist, tools, etc.)





Hotel Resilient Initiative

Standard Module Development Process

 Develop a Multi-Hazard Risk Management Module using a participatory approach in the field to ensure the product is accepted by the industry and tailored to the needs of hotels/resorts and tourism destinations



Standard Module Development Process

Selected Philippine Destinations:

Bohol Cebu Bantayan







Standard Module Development Process

- Field team to be based in selected destinations for at least 3 weeks
 - Weekly workshops with participating hotels, including hotels visits
 - Interviews with hotel and tourism associations as well as local authorities
- Detailed action plan to be developed at Kick-off Workshop early next year
- Main events: Kick-off Workshop, Hotel Resilient Expert Group Meeting, Closing Workshop in Cebu





MARAMING SALAMAT PO!

